
BEUTEL GOODMAN MANAGED FUNDS

Annual Management Report of Fund Performance
December 31, 2016

BEUTEL GOODMAN Long Term Bond Fund



Beutel Goodman ■ Long Term Bond Fund

This Annual Management Report of fund performance contains financial highlights but does not contain the complete annual or interim financial statements of the investment fund. You can get a copy of the annual or interim financial statements at your request at no cost (contact details on this page) or by visiting our website at www.beutelgoodman.com or SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Security holders may also request the investment fund's prospectus, proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record or quarterly portfolio disclosure.

BEUTEL GOODMAN Managed Funds

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Management Discussion of Fund Performance

Investment Objectives and Strategies

This Fund invests primarily in fixed income securities of Canadian government and corporate issuers; investments in foreign fixed income securities are permitted however is not a key strategy for the Fund.

The Fund's advisors focus on creating a high-quality portfolio diversified across Government of Canada, Provincial and Corporate securities to arrive at a portfolio with a weighted average term of between 9 and 25 years. The average minimum quality of the fixed income portfolio will be A as rated by DBRS, and the minimum quality for any individual security shall be BBB.

The fundamental investment objective of the Fund cannot be changed without the approval of a majority of the investors who own units in the Fund.

Risk

The risks of investing in this Fund remain as discussed in the Prospectus. This Fund continues to be suitable for investors seeking a steady stream of income, with a low to medium tolerance for risk and a medium to long-term investment time horizon.

Results of Operations

The Beutel Goodman Long Term Bond Fund had a positive return in the year and outperformed its benchmark, the FTSE TMX Canada Long Term Bond Index.

It was a volatile year where interest rates pretty much ended the year where they had started, but in the interim there was a wild ride of sentiment swings and black swan events. The year started off in a state of pessimism with thoughts of recession, and contagion from a weakening Chinese economic outlook. Interest rates fell and credit spreads widened. Positive economic data and further central bank stimulus served to reverse the early year trends until the results of the British referendum on membership in the European Union caught markets completely off guard. Immediate market reaction to Brexit was visceral, with a massive flight to quality trade that sent stocks plummeting, bond yields spiraling down, gold up, oil down, the euro and pound freefalling and the U.S. dollar appreciating. Credit spreads were wider with the greatest impact on the financial sector. Some relative calm returned to the market as it became clear that it will be a long and winding path for Great Britain to exit the European Union. A great deal of market reaction to the referendum result reversed and attention then shifted to economic data releases, central bank think and the U.S. election.

Once again the polls and the markets got the results incorrect and the Donald Trump Presidential election victory was mostly a shock. The first reaction in the early hours after it looked like Trump would win was the risk off safe haven flow that most had predicted reflecting the uncertainty of a Trump Presidency. Sentiment quickly shifted as the markets embraced Trump's promises of massive debt-financed infrastructure spending and tax cuts, believing that the campaign promises would be enacted as laid out thereby leading U.S. economy out of economic malaise with strong

growth and higher inflation. There was also hope that a Republican controlled Presidency and Congress would end the gridlock of the past several years. In a repeat of the taper tantrum of May 2013, bond yields increased rapidly in the days following the election from repressed and oversold levels to levels more in line with fair value given the economic backdrop. Prior to the election, U.S. economic data was improving, but the market was more focused on the election uncertainty rather than the data so there was also some catch up being played during the bond market sell-off. Stock markets and the U.S. trade-weighted dollar were also strong post-election. Markets enter 2017 with visions of growth, inflation and rate hikes dancing in their heads.

The FTSE TMX Canada Long Term Bond Index posted a 2.47% return in 2016. The Provincial and Federal sectors underperformed the Index while the Municipal and Corporate sectors outperformed over the period. Corporate credit spreads tightened over the period, with the yield spread of the FTSE TMX Canada Long Corporate Index versus the FTSE TMX Canada Long Term Government Bond Index decreasing by approximately 32 basis points.

For 2016, the portfolio outperformed the benchmark. The main contributing factor to the value add was credit. First, long corporate credit spreads narrowed significantly during the year, which led the long corporate sector to strongly outperform both the long provincial and federal sectors. The Fund was considerably overweight corporates during the year. Second, corporate security selection was also a positive contributor to the outperformance, as long energy and infrastructure, where the Fund has most of its credit exposure, were among the top performing long corporate sectors during the year. Third, long provincials outperformed long Government of Canadas and the Fund was relatively overweight long provincials versus long Canadas. This outperformance was partially mitigated by slight negative contributions from duration and curve positioning.

Relative to its stated investment objectives and strategies the Fund has maintained its quality and diversification standards.

Detailed performance is provided under the heading "Past Performance" in this report.

Recent Developments

On January 11, 2016, Derek Brown joined the firm as Senior Vice President, Fixed Income. He joins David Gregoris as co-lead manager of the Fund.

The portfolio manager remains cautious on the Canadian economy and has concerns over where growth and leadership will come from. The main engine of economic growth in Canada for the past several years has been related to the housing market, which could slow given new mortgage rules. With high levels of consumer debt, it is not clear how much the economy can rely on the consumer to drive economic growth especially with rising interest rates. Therefore economic leadership will likely have to come from a stronger U.S. economy, firmer commodity prices and/or infrastructure spending. As an additional concern, anti-trade and "Buy America" policies, as well as differences in carbon regulations, could also disadvantage Canadian industry versus that of the U.S. With that backdrop, Canada and the U.S. continue on diverging paths for monetary

policy. The Federal Reserve has tightened twice, whereas the Bank of Canada is more likely to ease or at the very least keep the overnight rate at its current 0.50% level for a lengthy period of time. While the Federal Reserve has finally entered its tightening phase, the portfolio manager believes that this phase will be unlike any other in history. First, this tightening phase will likely be, as indicated by the Federal Reserve, gradual and data dependent. Second, the terminal rate will likely be lower than in previous tightening cycles mostly attributable to ageing demographics and reduced productivity.

The Fund is neutral duration versus the benchmark, but the portfolio manager is looking for opportunities to shorten duration. Projected roll return versus that of the Index remains positive. The Fund is positioned underweight Government of Canada bonds, overweight corporates, and slightly overweight provincials. The portfolio manager believes that we are late in the credit cycle, that corporate leverage is creeping up and credit metrics are deteriorating. The Fund's defensive and safe haven strategy for corporates becomes even more important, especially as the corporate market becomes vulnerable to credit beta events. The portfolio manager has resisted the urge to relax their disciplined credit standards to gain extra basis points and is not enticed to chase yield at the expense of the proper evaluation of credit risk.

Related Party Transactions

Beutel, Goodman & Company Ltd. is the Portfolio Advisor to this Fund. The Fund did not rely on any recommendation or approval of its Independent Review Committee to proceed with any transaction involving related parties because it did not conduct any related party transactions, except for certain inter-fund trades, as approved by the Independent Review Committee by standing instructions, and subject to regulatory requirements.

Fees and Expenses

The following table lists the fees and expenses that you may have to pay if you invest in the Beutel Goodman Managed Funds. You may have to pay some of these fees and expenses directly. The Funds pay the other fees and expenses. This will reduce the value of your investment in a Fund.

Management Fees: We are entitled to a management fee from each class of each Fund based on the average daily net asset value of the particular class. The fee is payable monthly, in arrears, and is calculated at the annualized rate specified for each class of each Fund below. Management fees for Class I units are negotiated and paid directly by the investor, not by the Fund, and, therefore, are not listed.

Fund	Class	Management Fees (%) ⁽¹⁾
Long Term Bond Fund	B	up to 1.00
Long Term Bond Fund	D	up to 0.70
Long Term Bond Fund	F	up to 0.50

(1) Excludes GST/HST where applicable.

We may reduce our management fee for certain large investors who have substantial holdings in units of a Fund. To accomplish this, we reduce

the management fee we charge to the Fund and the Fund pays out the difference to these investors as a special distribution. This is called a management fee distribution. We calculate and accrue the reduction daily and distribute it quarterly. The distribution is reinvested on behalf of such unitholders in additional units of the same class of the Fund. Management fee reductions for a unitholder may be increased at any time, but may only be decreased after at least 60 days prior written notice has been given to such unitholder.

We may waive our management fee in certain circumstances.

The Fund paid the Manager management fees, inclusive of HST, of \$76,061 for the year ending December 31, 2016. The management fee for each class of unit is calculated as a percentage of its net asset value, as of the close of business on each business day. The Fund's management fees were used by the Manager to pay costs for managing the investment portfolio, providing investment analysis and recommendations, making investment decisions, making brokerage arrangements for the purchase and sale of the investment portfolio and providing other services. The Manager also used the management fees to fund commission payments and other dealer compensation (collectively called "distribution-related costs") to registered dealers and brokers and financial consultants for units of the Fund bought and held by investors, which amounted to 17.46% of total management fees paid by the Fund to the Manager.

Operating Expenses: The Manager pays certain operating expenses of the Fund. These expenses include audit and legal fees; custodian and transfer agent fees; costs attributable to the issue, redemption and change of units, including the cost of the security holder record-keeping system; expenses incurred in respect of preparing and distributing all regulatory reports; fund accounting and valuation costs; independent review committee fees and filing fees, including those incurred by us. In return, the Fund pays the Manager a fixed administration fee. The administration fee may vary by class of units and by Fund.

Please refer to the Financial Highlights section for the MERs of the classes of units.

Commissions

Commissions paid to brokers for portfolio transactions were as follows:

Fund Name	2016	2015
Long Term Bond Fund	\$ NIL	\$ NIL

Financial Highlights

The following tables show selected key financial information about the Fund and are intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the past 5 years ended December 31. This information is derived from the Fund's audited annual financial statements and is provided for each class of units.

Financial Highlights for Class B Units (for the years ended December 31)

\$	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit, beginning of year ⁽¹⁾	9.73	10.35	9.44	10.37	10.34
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units:					
Total Interest Revenue	0.37	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.25
Total expenses	(0.12)	(0.12)	(0.12)	(0.12)	(0.12)
Realized gains (losses) for the year	0.37	0.46	0.14	0.06	0.08
Unrealized gains (losses) for the year	(0.36)	(0.75)	0.82	(1.10)	(0.02)
Total increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units ⁽²⁾	0.26	(0.02)	1.23	(0.76)	0.19
Distribution to holders of redeemable units per unit:					
Net investment income	0.23	0.26	0.26	0.16	0.34
Realized gains on sale of investments	0.33	0.39	0.05	—	0.06
Total distribution to holders of redeemable units ⁽³⁾	0.56	0.65	0.31	0.16	0.40
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of year ⁽⁴⁾	9.37	9.73	10.35	9.44	10.35

Ratios and Supplemental Data for Class B Units (for the years ended December 31)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (\$) (000's) ⁽⁵⁾	220	177	162	175	310
Number of outstanding redeemable units (000's) ⁽⁵⁾	23	18	16	19	30
Management expense ratio ⁽⁶⁾	1.20%	1.20%	1.23%	1.23%	1.24%
Management expense ratio before absorptions ⁽⁶⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁷⁾	140%	91%	58%	58%	39%
Trading expense ratio (%) ⁽⁸⁾	—	—	—	—	—
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of year ⁽⁹⁾	9.37	9.73	10.35	9.44	10.37

Financial Highlights for Class D Units (for the years ended December 31)

\$	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit, beginning of year ⁽¹⁾	5.64	6.00	5.47	6.01	5.97
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units:					
Total Interest Revenue	0.21	0.22	0.23	0.23	0.25
Total expenses	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.05)
Realized gains (losses) for the year	0.18	0.22	0.08	0.04	0.08
Unrealized gains (losses) for the year	(0.19)	(0.34)	0.47	(0.61)	(0.02)
Total increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units ⁽²⁾	0.15	0.05	0.74	(0.38)	0.26
Distribution to holders of redeemable units per unit:					
Net investment income	0.17	0.18	0.18	0.11	0.20
Realized gains on sale of investments	0.19	0.22	0.03	—	0.04
Total distribution to holders of redeemable units ⁽³⁾	0.36	0.40	0.21	0.11	0.24
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of year ⁽⁴⁾	5.42	5.64	6.00	5.47	6.01

Ratios and Supplemental Data for Class D Units (for the years ended December 31)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (\$) (000's) ⁽⁵⁾	9,100	10,500	12,292	12,832	28,313
Number of outstanding redeemable units (000's) ⁽⁵⁾	1,679	1,862	2,049	2,345	4,708
Management expense ratio ⁽⁶⁾	0.78%	0.78%	0.76%	0.76%	0.78%
Management expense ratio before absorptions ⁽⁶⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁷⁾	140%	91%	58%	58%	39%
Trading expense ratio (%) ⁽⁸⁾	—	—	—	—	—
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of year ⁽⁹⁾	5.42	5.64	6.00	5.47	6.01

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Financial Highlights for Class F Units (for the years ended December 31)

\$	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit, beginning of year ⁽¹⁾	9.80	10.43	9.50	10.43	10.39
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units:					
Total Interest Revenue	0.36	0.39	0.39	0.41	0.25
Total expenses	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.07)
Realized gains (losses) for the year	0.16	0.37	0.13	0.07	0.08
Unrealized gains (losses) for the year	(1.19)	(0.64)	1.01	(1.22)	(0.02)
Total increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units ⁽²⁾	(0.74)	0.05	1.46	(0.81)	0.24
Distribution to holders of redeemable units per unit:					
Net investment income	0.32	0.33	0.30	0.20	0.39
Realized gains on sale of investments	0.33	0.39	0.05	—	0.06
Total distribution to holders of redeemable units ⁽³⁾	0.65	0.72	0.35	0.20	0.45
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of year ⁽⁴⁾	9.40	9.80	10.43	9.50	10.41

Ratios and Supplemental Data for Class F Units (for the years ended December 31)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (\$) (000's) ⁽⁵⁾	789	174	173	363	1,356
Number of outstanding redeemable units (000's) ⁽⁵⁾	84	18	17	38	130
Management expense ratio ⁽⁶⁾	0.66%	0.66%	0.67%	0.66%	0.68%
Management expense ratio before absorptions ⁽⁶⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁷⁾	140%	91%	58%	58%	39%
Trading expense ratio (%) ⁽⁸⁾	—	—	—	—	—
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of year ⁽⁹⁾	9.40	9.80	10.43	9.50	10.43

Financial Highlights for Class I Units (for the years ended December 31)

\$	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit, beginning of year ⁽¹⁾	5.74	6.10	5.57	6.13	6.09
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units:					
Total Interest Revenue	0.22	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.25
Total expenses	—	—	—	—	(0.01)
Realized gains (losses) for the year	0.18	0.24	0.09	(0.01)	0.08
Unrealized gains (losses) for the year	(0.20)	(0.36)	0.46	(0.47)	(0.02)
Total increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units ⁽²⁾	0.20	0.11	0.78	(0.25)	0.30
Distribution to holders of redeemable units per unit:					
Net investment income	0.21	0.23	0.22	0.15	0.25
Realized gains on sale of investments	0.19	0.23	0.03	—	0.04
Total distribution to holders of redeemable units ⁽³⁾	0.40	0.46	0.25	0.15	0.29
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of year ⁽⁴⁾	5.51	5.74	6.10	5.57	6.12

Ratios and Supplemental Data for Class I Units (for the years ended December 31)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (\$) (000's) ⁽⁵⁾	497,989	526,074	677,398	476,006	277,605
Number of outstanding redeemable units (000's) ⁽⁵⁾	90,364	91,727	110,997	85,486	45,304
Management expense ratio ⁽⁶⁾	0.04%	0.04%	0.04%	0.04%	0.11%
Management expense ratio before absorptions ⁽⁶⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁷⁾	140%	91%	58%	58%	39%
Trading expense ratio (%) ⁽⁸⁾	—	—	—	—	—
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of year ⁽⁹⁾	5.51	5.74	6.10	5.57	6.13

- (1) The information for December 2016, December 2015, December 2014 and December 2013 is derived from the Fund's annual audited financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS. The information for prior years is derived from the Fund's annual audited financial statements prepared based on Canadian GAAP.
- (2) Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit and distributions to holders of redeemable units per unit are based on the actual number of redeemable units outstanding for the relevant class at the relevant time. The increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit is based on the weighted average number of redeemable units outstanding for the relevant class over the fiscal year.
- (3) Distributions were paid in cash or automatically reinvested in additional redeemable units of the Fund.
- (4) This is not a reconciliation of the beginning and ending net assets per redeemable unit.
- (5) This information is provided as at year end of the year shown.
- (6) Management expense ratio is based on total expenses (excluding commissions and other portfolio transaction costs) for the stated period and is expressed as an annualized percentage of daily net asset value during the year.
- (7) The Fund's portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively the Fund's portfolio advisor manages its portfolio investments. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to the Fund buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of the fiscal year. The higher a Fund's portfolio turnover rate in a year, the greater the trading costs payable by the Fund in the year, and the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the year. There is not necessarily a relationship between a higher turnover rate and the performance of a Fund. Portfolio turnover rate equals the lesser of purchases or sales divided by the average value of the portfolio securities of the Fund on a monthly basis, excluding short-term securities.
- (8) The trading expense ratio represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs disclosed in the Statements of Comprehensive Income expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value of the Fund during the year.
- (9) The information for December 2016, December 2015, December 2014 and December 2013 is derived from the Fund's annual audited financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS. Prior to January 1, 2013, for the purpose of processing unitholder transactions, net assets were calculated based on the closing market price, while for financial statement purposes net assets were calculated based on bid/ask price. For the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015, December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the information provided for processing unitholder transactions is consistent with the information provided for reporting purposes.

Past Performance

The past performance of each class of units of a Fund, if the class has been in continuous existence and offered to the public for at least 12 months (at the date of this document), is explained under the Year-by-Year Returns and Annual Compound Returns headings found below. In years where the class of a Fund has less than 12 months of performance data, the annual rate of return has been annualized.

The performance returns in all cases:

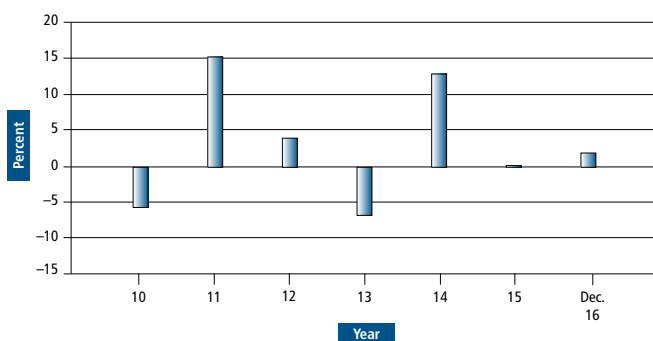
- are calculated as of **December 31** in each year;
- assume **all distributions** made by the Fund are **reinvested** to purchase additional redeemable units; and
- show the returns of the particular class of the Fund after any applicable management fees and operating expenses have been deducted, **but are not reduced by any redemption charges, optional charges or income taxes payable by you.**

Please remember that the past performance of the Fund is not an accurate prediction of future returns.

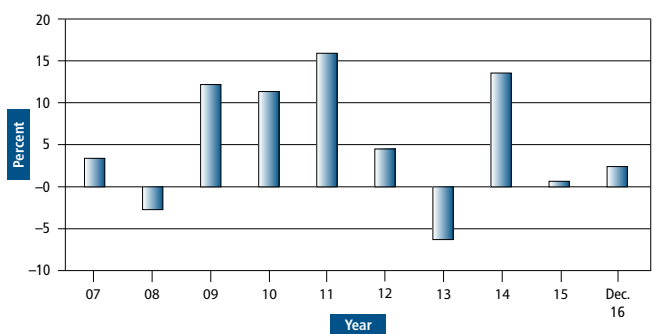
Beutel Goodman ■ Long Term Bond Fund

Year-by-Year Returns

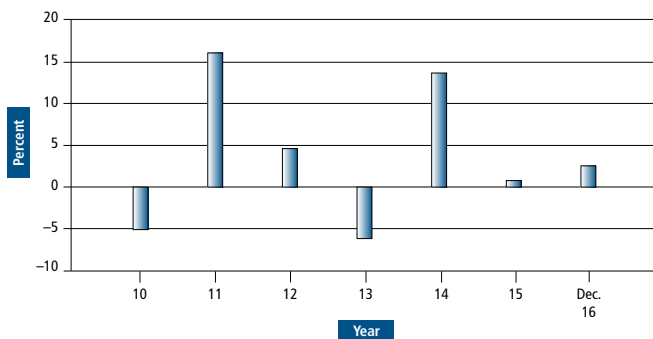
Class B



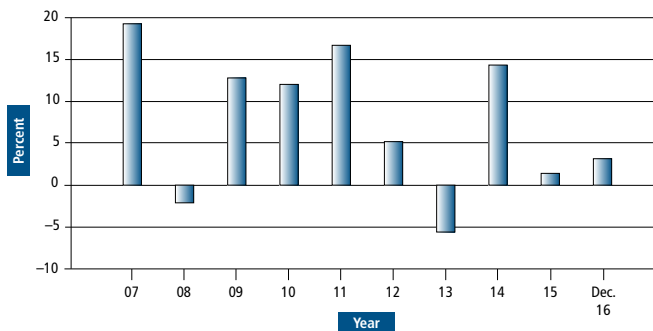
Class D



Class F



Class I



Annual Compound Returns

The following table shows the historical annual compound total returns, as compared to the performance of the FTSE TMX Canada Long Term Bond Index.*

Class B	Since Inception	Past 5 Years	Past 3 Years	Past Year
Beutel Goodman Long Term Bond Fund – Class B	3.98%	2.32%	4.93%	1.99%
FTSE TMX Canada Long Term Bond Index	6.00%	4.29%	7.71%	2.47%

For Class B units, a return calculated since its inception of October 4, 2010 and ended December 31, 2016, and for the past five, three and one year periods ended December 31, 2016 has been provided.

Class D	Past 10 Years	Past 5 Years	Past 3 Years	Past Year
Beutel Goodman Long Term Bond Fund – Class D	5.25%	2.77%	5.38%	2.41%
FTSE TMX Canada Long Term Bond Index	6.27%	4.29%	7.71%	2.47%

For Class D units, a return calculated for the past ten, five, three and one year periods ended on December 31, 2016 has been provided.

Class F	Since Inception	Past 5 Years	Past 3 Years	Past Year
Beutel Goodman Long Term Bond Fund – Class F	4.55%	2.88%	5.50%	2.54%
FTSE TMX Canada Long Term Bond Index	6.00%	4.29%	7.71%	2.47%

For Class F units, a return calculated since its inception of October 4, 2010 and ended December 31, 2016, and for the past five, three and one year periods ended December 31, 2016 has been provided.

Class I	Since Inception	Past 5 Years	Past 3 Years	Past Year
Beutel Goodman Long Term Bond Fund – Class I	6.55%	3.51%	6.16%	3.16%
FTSE TMX Canada Long Term Bond Index	6.95%	4.29%	7.71%	2.47%

For Class I units, a return calculated since its inception of October 1, 2007 and ended December 31, 2016, and for the past five, three and one year periods ended December 31, 2016 has been provided.

* The FTSE TMX Canada Long Term Bond Index is designed to reflect the Canadian long term bond market, where the effective term for all issues is equal to or exceeds 10 years.

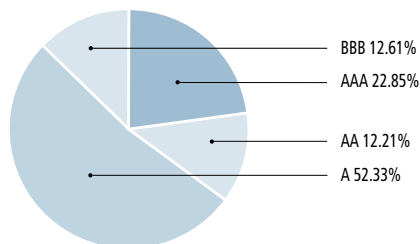
Summary of Investment Portfolio

The following information may change due to the ongoing portfolio transactions of the Fund. More current information regarding the holdings of the Fund may be obtained on our website at www.beutelgoodman.com.

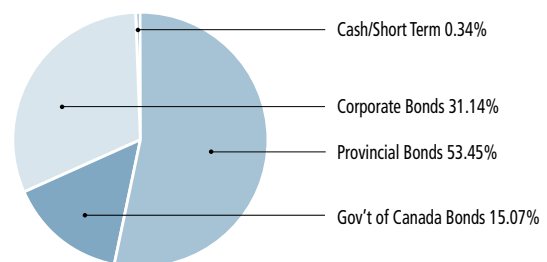
Summary of Top 25 Holdings

Issuer Name	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date	% of Net Assets	Issuer Name	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date	% of Net Assets
1. Canada Government	2.750%	1-Dec-48	12.20	14. TransCanada PipeLines Ltd.	8.200%	15-Aug-31	2.08
2. Province of Ontario	3.450%	2-Jun-45	7.22	15. North West Redwater Partnership / NWR Financing Co Ltd.	4.150%	1-Jun-33	1.88
3. Province of Ontario	2.900%	2-Dec-46	6.39	16. FortisBC Energy Inc.	5.550%	25-Sep-36	1.55
4. Province of Ontario	2.800%	2-Jun-48	4.61	17. Province of British Columbia	2.800%	18-Jun-48	1.54
5. Province of British Columbia	6.350%	18-Jun-31	4.47	18. FortisBC Energy Inc.	5.800%	13-May-38	1.51
6. Province of Ontario	2.400%	2-Jun-26	3.60	19. Province of Ontario	3.500%	2-Jun-43	1.42
7. Province of Saskatchewan	6.400%	5-Sep-31	3.36	20. Province of Manitoba	4.600%	5-Mar-38	1.38
8. Province of Quebec	6.250%	1-Jun-32	3.28	21. CU Inc.	5.580%	26-May-38	1.32
9. Enbridge Gas Distribution Inc.	6.900%	15-Nov-32	3.03	22. FortisBC Energy Inc.	6.000%	2-Oct-37	1.32
10. Province of Ontario	6.500%	8-Mar-29	2.62	23. Province of Alberta	2.900%	20-Sep-29	1.30
11. Canada Government	1.500%	1-Jun-26	2.37	24. Nova Scotia Power Inc.	5.610%	15-Jun-40	1.30
12. Province of Quebec	3.500%	1-Dec-48	2.21	25. Province of Alberta	3.900%	1-Dec-33	1.26
13. Province of Ontario	6.200%	2-Jun-31	2.15				

Bond Quality



Asset Mix



Other Material Information

Classes of Units: Each of the Funds in the Beutel Goodman family of Funds issues Class B, Class D (formerly Class A), Class F and Class I units, with the exception of the Beutel Goodman Fundamental Canadian Equity Fund, Beutel Goodman Global Dividend Fund and Beutel Goodman Short Term Bond Fund, which issue only Class B, Class F and Class I units. Expenses of each class are tracked separately and a separate net asset is calculated for each class.

The Beutel Goodman Long Term Bond Fund is available in 4 classes of units: Class B, Class D (formerly Class A), Class F and Class I.

Each Fund may issue an unlimited number of classes of units and may issue an unlimited number of units of each class. The different classes of units of a Fund represent an interest in the same portfolio investments of the Fund.

Class B Units: for retail investors investing a minimum of \$5,000 in a Fund through authorized third-party dealers;

Class D* Units: for retail investors investing a minimum of \$5,000 in a Fund;

Class F Units: for investors investing a minimum of \$5,000 in a Fund, who are enrolled in a dealer-sponsored fee-for-service or wrap program (where various mutual funds are bundled together) who are subject to a periodic asset-based fee, rather than commissions on each transaction and whose dealer has signed a Class F agreement, or any other investors for whom we do not incur distribution costs, such as our employees (or affiliated corporations);

Class I Units: for investors who have invested a minimum of \$500,000 in a Fund and who have entered into an investment management agreement with us. At our discretion, we may waive the investment minimum.

*Class A units distributed under prior simplified prospectuses have been renamed "Class D" units as of August 13, 2010.

Additional Information

Independent Review Committee

Beutel Goodman Managed Funds Inc., the former Manager of the Beutel Goodman Managed Funds, appointed an Independent Review Committee ("IRC") on May 1, 2007, for each of its public mutual Funds in accordance with the Canadian Securities Administrators' National Instrument 81-107. This Instrument has been designed to promote investor protection in mutual funds. Effective January 1, 2013, as the result of the amalgamation between Beutel Goodman Managed Funds Inc. and Beutel, Goodman & Company Ltd., Beutel, Goodman & Company Ltd. is the Manager of the Beutel Goodman Managed Funds. The IRC actively assumed its role and responsibilities on November 1, 2007. The IRC oversees conflict of interest matters that may arise out of the management of each of the Funds by providing its recommendations or approvals, as required, to the Manager on how these conflicts may be fairly resolved. The IRC for each of the Beutel Goodman Managed Funds consists of three industry professionals, none of whom have an interest in the Funds or Beutel, Goodman & Company Ltd. outside of their roles as members of the IRC. The IRC 2016 Report to Unitholders is available on the Beutel Goodman Managed Funds' website at www.beutelgoodman.com or at the unitholder's request, at no cost, by contacting Beutel, Goodman & Company Ltd. at mutualfunds@beutelgoodman.com.

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